Effect of different levels of sulphur and zinc on growth and yield of cauliflower 
(*Brassica oleracea* var. *botrytis* L.)

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ABSTRACT

Field experiment was conducted on sandy loam soil to study of response of cauliflower cultivar to different levels of sulphur and zinc on growth and yield attributes. The growth and yield increased with increasing levels of sulphur and zinc application significantly, whereas the highest level of sulphur brought about highly significant reduction in days taken to curd initiation and maturity in comparison to control and also remained unchanged due to application of zinc. The highest net return and benefit:cost ratio recorded under treatment 60 kg S/ha and 6 kg Zn/ha, these were probably occurred due to highest curd yield.

**Key words**: Sulphur, Zinc, Growth, Yield, Cauliflower