AN ECONOMIC STUDY ON CROPPING PATTERN OF NADIA DISTRICT OF WEST BENGAL, INDIA
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ABSTRACT
The study is based on field level primary data collected from two villages of Nadia district of West Bengal. The study reveals that the cropping intensity of the district is 259.61 percent. The cropping pattern of this district is characterized by the domination of non-food grain crops i.e. high valued vegetable crops which shows a sign of transformation from traditional pattern to high valued non-food grain crops.

METHODOLOGY
The present study is based on the field level primary data collected from two villages of Haringhata Block of Nadia district of West Bengal. The two villages were selected purposively considering their easy accessibility on the part of the investigators. A total of 50 sample farmers are selected randomly by following Simple Random Sampling without Replacement (SRSWOR) from 255 farm families residing in these two villages. These 50 sample farmers are classified into four groups according to their size of operational holdings. The first group consists of farmers having holding size less than equal to one acre, second group to farmers have holding size ranging from 1-2 acres, farmers belong to third group have holding size ranging from 2-3 acres and the fourth...